AT HIGH MARK. SAYS M'ADOO IN HIS REPORT

Treasury Chief Tells President Nation's Financial Resources Now Are the Greatest in Its History.

Asks for Appropriations to Obtain Efficiency Ratings and Run Down Persons Who active Dodge Income Tax.

Emphasizing the need of additional revenues to meet the preneeds of Government, and Panama canal expenditures without running the country into a deficit in 1917, or resorting to a-bond issue, and calling attention to the need of an appropriation to prevent wholesale beating of the income tax, Secretary of the Treasury Mc-Adoo today presented his annual canad calling attention to the need of the metality of the income tax, Secretary of the Treasury Mc-Adoo today presented his annual canad calling attention to the need of the metality of the metality. The seen a steady, healthy, forward now prosperity has been a st paredness program, the ordinary report to the President and to the Congress.

of the country and the state of the nation's business, the Secretary declares that the country never has to eatch the tax evaders. been so strong or in so favorable a been so strong or in so favorable a program, plans are being made for the condition financially as now, and the navy in time of war. Secretary Mcthat the nation's financial resources are the greatest in its history, and the banking system the strongest in the world. He points to the stream of gold pouring into the country that has given the United States the greatest store of this precious motel aver held by this precious metal ever held by any nation, exceeding as it does. two billion one hundred million tention in forceful terms to the "needdollars.

FOR EFFICIENCY RATINGS.

Expressing the belief that a uniform system of civil service efficiency ratings is an important reform for the governmental business in his department. Secretary McAdoo asks for a larger contingent fund appropriation for his office that the work of instituting such are ratings may proceed as repidly as, pos-

In connection with departmental work. the Secretary says:

"My experience in the department has impressed me with the fact that there is room for many im-provements and economies in the Covernment service. The growth of the Treasury Department has been a the Treasury Department has been a process of years, and as the structure has reached its present great proportions there has crept in much duplication of work, as well as useless work, and cumbersome and inefficient methods which impede business and cause needless expense.

"I have instructed an improvement committee that it is my earnest desire to be the process of the committee of the commit

sire to have useless offices abolished, outlication of work climinated, and archaic methods replaced with the up-to-date methods that characterize the best modern business enterprises.
The report of the committee has not yet been received, but I hope that he a result of its inventigations and efforts the means may be found for substantial improvements in the Treasury service."

Urges Leprosarium.

Recommendations are made for the erection in Washington of a new building for the hygienic laboratory of the Public Health Service, and for the creation of a national leprosarium.

The entire question of the construction of a great central heating, lighting, and power plant in Washington for the executive departments or Government again is laid before Congress. All'

building with modern library-stack type of architecture," to be erected in Washington to house invaluable records of the Government, would be sub-mitted for approval this winter to the commission created by Congress. An appropriation of \$50,000 is asked for holdfur of a second Pan-American Financial Conference in Washington in

It is recommended that the salaries of three Assistant Secretaries of the asury be increased from \$5,00) to reasury. \$7,500 a year

Civil service pensions and retirement are not touched upon in the report, and there are no recommendations with respect to the general personnel of the

respect to the general personnel of the department. An increased force is asked in some divisions.

Proud of Conditions.

Secretary McAdoo opens his report with the statement that "it must be a source of profound satisfaction to the people of the United States, regardless of political affiliation, to contrast the conditions today to those prevailing in this country in December, 1914." Continuing, he says:

"Returns Need Investigation of income fax returns and for the discovery of the case who are liable for the tax and have failed to make returns. "It is absolutely certain that the Government is losing through inaccurate returns and evasions of the law. a sum many times greater than the cost of the necessary field force to investigate end check the returns and to bring to account those who are failing to make returns. "It is absolutely certain that the government is losing through inaccurate returns and evasions of the law. a sum many times greater than the cost of the necessary field force to investigate end check the returns and to bring to make returns.

"It is absolutely certain that the government is losing through inaccurate returns and evasions of the law. a sum many times greater than the cost of the necessary field force to investigate end check the returns and evasions of the law.

uing, he says: Then the country was just recovering from the terrific shock of the European disaster. We had gone of \$57.515 income tax returns made, 5 through months of serious, if not critical, experiences. A country-wide panic required investigation, and that of \$28. of appalling proportions was threatened but averted. We had emerged with our credit not only unimpared, but strength-cred. Our sound economic foundation had been preserved and fortified, and we were fully prepared to meet the existence of the future because we had received our confidence and were considered our confidence and wer

U. S. WEALTH OUTSTANDING FUNDED D.C. D. C. RULERS REPORT DEBT IS \$6,518,000

The outstanding funded debt of the District of Columbia is \$6,518,-000, according to the annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury made public today.

The report shows that the amount of the funded debt retired during the fiscal year 1915, was \$421,150, while \$295,000 of 3 per cent United States bonds were purchased and held for this

The total issue of District of Columbia 3.65 per cent bonds is limited by law to \$15,000,000. Of this amount \$14,997,300 has been issued, and \$8,479,300 has been redeemed, leaving the outstanding funded debt at \$6,518,000.

The report also shows that at the end of the fiscal year 1915 the 10 per cent guarantee fund retained from District of Columbia contractors totaled \$231,069.10. This is represented by \$30,789.99 in cash, and \$193,440, in United States and District of Columbia bonds, which cost the contractors \$200,279.11.

able suffering in this country as well as in Europe. Our industrial situation was, for a time, seriously hurt, and the cotton-growing States of the South sustained heavy losses through declines in the price of cotton. Every power of the Government was exerted to mitigate the situation, and I believe that it is not inexact to say that but for the active agency of the Government in protecting and conserving the business interests of the country during that critical period grave disaster would have resulted.

tions of personal returns for the months of June, July, August, and September, 1915, as a basis of calculation. 63 per cent of the returns examined showed that an additional average tax of \$150.07 was due the Government on cach return. On this basis the 31.101 returns vet to be examined would produce \$1.667.327 additional tax."

Examination of corporation returns show that on the average basis of calculation. 63 per cent of the returns examined where the showed that an additional average tax of \$150.07 was due the Government on cach return. On this basis the 31.101 returns examined where the control of \$1.667.327 additional average tax of \$150.07 was due the Government on cach return. On this basis the 31.101 returns examined where the control of \$1.667.327 additional average tax of \$150.07 was due the Government on cach return. On this basis the 31.101 returns examined where the control of \$1.667.327 additional average basis of \$150.07 was due the Government on cach return. On this basis the 31.101 returns vet to be examined would produce the state of \$1.607.327 additional average tax of \$150.07 was due the Government on cach return. On this basis the 31.101 returns vet to be examined would produce the state of \$1.607.327 additional average tax of \$150.07 was due the \$250.000.000.

Business Aided Government.

"It is a pleasure to acknowledge that the efforts of the Government were seconded and supported by the carnest and patriotic co-operation of the business interests of the country.

Would Change Tax Laws.

The Secretary calls attention to the need of a number of amendments to Outlining the financial situation the income and corporation tax laws ecommended by Commissioner of Internal Revenue Osborn, to strengthen these measures and secure fuller collections. Most of them are designed

In connection with the preparedness

Waste In "Pork Barrel."

In connection with the general question of revenues the Secretary calls atless and unjustifiable waste of public money through building appropriations," particularly omnibus public building barrel" appropriations. He directs attention of the Congress and of the nation to what he terms not only a great waste and loss of Government but to the economic loss of putting expensive Government struc-tures in cities and towns, where they not needed and where the cost of upkeep of such structures, not to men-tion the original outlay, would be greater than the yearly rental of private

The Secretary asks that omnibus public building bills be discontinued, and that each public building be considered tta merits.

With respect to the Harrison anti-With respect to the Harrison anti-narcotic law, the Secretary urges an amendment providing for treatment by the Public Health Service or some other agency of all habitues or addicts, who are indigent and cannot secure treat-ment. The Secretary asks an appro-priation of \$50.000 for an increase in the personnel of the Public Health Serv-ice because of the increased demand upon this service for health and sanitary protection. He also urges national control of all quarantine stations for the protection of the entire public, dedaring that with "the increased tide he cessation of hostilities abroad, the prevention of the importation of these diseases will become a matter of vital

Reserve Board Aids Country.

In dealing with the first year's operations of the Federal reserve system. the report says that its existence has been beneficial to the entire country. The Federal reserve act is character ized as "a piece of constructive legis-lation of the best quality, because it confers reciprocal benefits upon all elements of the community. It carries benefits for the banker, the farmer, the merchant, the manufacturer, the work-

ment again is laid before Congress. All merchant, the manufacturer, the workbids for the structure received recently were in excess of the appropriation made, and Congress is asked to take such action as it deems fit.

Notice is given that designs and estimates for 's fireproof national archives building with modern library-stack collections from delinquents. Secretary Mc doo asserts:

There has been a decided improve ment, both in the administration of the income tax law and in the general knowledge and understanding of the law by the public, which has simplified matters to a large extent, but there is still room for improvement. Many insecurate returns are made, some deliberately and some ignorantly, and there are without doubt wholesale. there are, without doubt, wholesele evasions of the law throughout the country. The remedy for this is to clarify and strengthen the law where needed, and to provide a larger and more effective field force for the investigation and checking up of income fax returns and for the discovery of

Returns Need Investigation.

Attention is called to the fact that required investigation, and that of 288,-

63 per cent of the returns examined showed that an additional average tax of \$150.07 was due the Government on each return. On this basis the 31.101 returns vet to be examined would produce \$1.667.327 additional tax."

Examination of corporation returns show that on the average basis of taxes due the 264.622 returns yet to be examined would not over \$20.000.000. The

examined, would net over \$20,000,000. The port continues:
"I do not, of course, claim that the deductions here made are conclusive but they demonstrate that the returns of individuals and corporations are inaccurate to such a degree that ver much additional tax will be collectable as soon as the returns are investigated and checked by competent men, and that it is in the interest of the Gov-crument that a sufficiently large field

force shall be created to do this Have Double Effect.

"Such investigations and accounting have the double effect of educating taxpavers to the law itself and showing them how their accounts should be kept to enable them to make accurate re turns to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. It also serves the purpose of putting all taxpayers upon notice that the Government has a sufficiently large and competent force in the field o examine the returns. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue

has submitted an estimate of an increase for the income tax field force, and I earnestly recommend that it be allowed. I am sure that as a result of such an increase the cost thereof will be returned to the Treasury several times over, to say nothing of the increased efficiency that will result in the administration of the income tax

"So much for the Administrative features. We now come to certain changes in the law itself which cught to be made both in the interest of clarification and for the accomplishment of more effective results. I desire to renew earnestly the recommendation made in my last annual report that the law he changed so that each person made in my last annual report that the law be changed so that each person, having a gross income of \$3,000 or more for the taxable year shall make a return. Under the existing law each person having a net income of \$3,000 or over for the taxable year is required to make a return. Consequently, the person who has a gross income of more than \$3,000 makes his own deductions and determines for himself, without any retermines for himself, without any re-view on the part of the department, whether his net income is more or less whether his net income is more or less than \$3,000. Manifestly the returns, with the deductions, should be made to the department so that the deductions may be reviewed by lawful authority to de-termine whether they are properly made

Information At Source.

"I am of the opinion that it would acts, that have become famed as "pork be very advantageous to have this law amended so as to do away with the withholding of the income tax at the source, and in place thereof to require information at the source; that it will mean the collection of a larger amount of revenue and eliminate a great deal of criticism which has been directed against the law. If such an amendment is adopted, an exception should be made in the case of nonresident aliens, whose tax would necessarily be withheld at

There are proposed amendments making the income of nonresident aliens arising or accruing from all sources, within the United States taxable, and within the United States taxable, and providing for the payment of the tax at the source; requiring return from all individuals, whether tax has been withheld at source or not; requiring dividends to be included in the returns; exempting certain mutual and co-operative companies and associations, clubs, and corporations not organized for profit which are similar in payments. end corporations not organized for rofit which are similar in nature to organizations now exempt; broadening profit which are similar in nature to organizations now exempt; broadening the scope of the liability of foreign corporations; requiring receivers, trustees, etc., operating properties to make returns and pay tax; and prohibiting corporations deducting taxes for local benefits.

Another proposed amendment authorizes, by express words, the Commis-sioner of Internal Revenue to make an assessment in case of returns merely erroneous as well as in the case of those false and fraudulent. One enlarges the time within which an individual may file his claim for deducations with the withholding agent, one provides that the tax shall become due on June 15 of sach year instead of June 30, so that it may be collected before the end of the fiscal year, and one gives the com-missioner specific authority to correct an erroneous or talse return as well as to make a return. Others forbid corporations which agree to pay any taxes on their bonds from deducting such taxes from their gross income, and extend the provisions of Section 3173, Revised Statutes, to corporations, joint-stock companies, associations, and in-

surance companies. Customs Situation. Calling attention to decreased customs

duties which involved not only imports,

but tonnage tax and immigrant head tax, the Secretary says: "It is obvious that if one of the chief sources of revenue of the Government is customs duties the greater the decline in imports the greater the decline in imports the greater will be the loss in revenues. It is fortunate for the country that sources of revenue other than customs duties have been provided to meet the exigencies of the situation created by the European war. With the restoration of peace in Europe the customs duties collected under existing laws will gradually increase as imports from the countries now at war are from the countries now at war are gradually restored to a normal basis. How long this process will take no one can say, nor can anyone predict with certainty when the European war will end. Our obvious duty, in the mean-time, is to provide the revenues of the Government from sources affected as little as possible by foreign wars or external disturbances. This we can readily do, as stated in another part of this

report, without imposing heavy upon the people of the country. Incorporation Papers

URGES NEW LAWS

Regulation of Hucksters and Better Markets Among Proposáls Made.

(Continued from First Page.)

says the report, "there are still a number of very important branches of the District government discharging functions of a purely municipal nature." says the report, "The Commissioners do not believe that the highest efficiency do not believe that the highest efficiency and economy in governmental administration can be obtained by this divided authority, and the present laws which have caused existing conditions in this direction should be repealed, and the Commissioners with complete supervisory powers over all municipal administrations."

Favor Yearly Assessment. The report, which contains a numb of important recommendations, cover fully the operations of every branch of the local government for the year egislation providing for a yearly instead of a triennial assessment of real estate is urged. A triennial assessment, or an assessment over any period of years, they point out, is applicable to localities where values change but little from year to year.

In all the large cities, however, it was been found to be better adminis-

tration to have yearly assessments," says the report. "If property be assessed each year, the period of appeal will then become well known, and in case of any unequal assessments or changes in value the remedy can be ap-plied the following year instead of waiting three years, as is now the case. The Commissioners also recommend the urge that action along this line be provision of an adequate force in the taken.

Assessor's office for making annual asesements.

The board recommends the passage of a law to require the true considera-tion to be expressed in deeds and the actual loans secured by real estate to be recited in deeds of trust, such deeds not to be entered of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds unless this information he contained therein in the nformation be contained therein in the form of affidavits.

Realty Sales Scanned.

During the last five years, the reporstates, several thousand sales of real estate have been gathered and tabu lated as an aid to assessments, and while most owners and many of the real while most owners and many of the real estate dealers have been willing to help in the collection of this data, it has been impossible to collect all sales. The real estate tax sale of March, 1915, amounted to Jibl, 198.61, the number of pieces of property sold being 5,65t.

Owners of real estate who allow their property to go to tax sale the report apply for a small loan." Owners of real estate who allow their property to go to tax sale, the report states, can be divided into three classes:

First—Those who are temporarily pressed financially and who are wining to wait and pay the penalty in the force a deed is delivered to the tax-title purchaser they will be able to meet the obligation.

The listrict to which such people may apply for a small loan.

It is recommended that Congress enact a law which will compel claimants for damages against the District, occasioned the District, to report the time, place, and circumstances of guch negligence within a reasonable time or forfeit their right to recovery.

purchaser they will be able to meet the obligation.

Second—Nouresidents and offen residents who are not reached by the notication of special assessments levied against their property.

Third—'The deliberate tax dodger who has come to understand that he may enloy the privilege of and encountents from such ownership for an indefinite time, because at present the District of Columbia or the purchaser of the tax title seems to have no well-delined way of taking such an offen ler into a court

of equity and having such claim adof taking such an offen ler into a court

Market Organization. Better organization of the wholesale

market district, plans for which are now under way, will result, the board states, in a considerable saving to consumers. "The wholesale district is now badly located, being isolated from either rails road or water transportation facilities," the report.
"A location is available which combines these advantages with good trol-ley connection, on land which is at present unutilized. At the water gate-way to this site, this department is way to this site, this department is now erecting suitable wharves and a modern terminal market building for products coming in over the water route, as the first step toward the removal of the wholesale business to this wastly sunerior location. This new market will establish a direct connection through refricerated rooms, between railroads, wharves, and trolleys. tween mairoads, wharves, and trollevs. It will contain enough facilities for refriceration and storage to demonstrate the advantages of advanced methods along these lines. It also assures the wholesale trade vermanency of access to the water at this point."

Food Waste Is Found. "Serious wastes of food products, re-

sulting in ultimately higher prices to consumers and serious hardships to the established trade, are now resulting from the unorganized and uncontrollable ac-tivities of the hucksters," the report

states.
"The huckster has thus far been excmpt from most of the checks and reg-ulations that control the established retail trade, and this unwarranted ex-emption has resulted in much abuse. Legislation should be secured which will place the hucksters on exactly the same standing as the retail grocer. Such legislation will benefit the better class of hucksters and eliminate those whose methods are dishonest or wasteful. There is no justification for their present exemption from the regulations enforced upon their competitors." Attention is again directed to the need

of legislation providing for a police and firemen's pension fund. "Probably no more deplorable conditions exist in the District of Columbia than the lack of sufficient funds for

A story of American pluck, persever-

W. Matthews, formerly of Plymouth. Pa., now pastor of the First Primitive

ance, and ambition is that of Rev. N

the relief of d'sabled retired members of the police and fire departments." says the report. "The insufficiency of the funds provided for the relief of those who, after years of self-sacrificing devotion to the public service, should be able to depend upon a grateful community to spare them the privations incident to their disability, is a continual cause of distress." The annual registration of automobiles, motor cycles and motor vehicles in order to ald in the collection of taxes on these vehicles is recommended. The board also recommends the annual registration of motor boats, launches and other water craft. "The total deficiency in the police-

straton of motor boats, launches and other water craft.

"The total deficiency in the policemen's and firemen's relief fund to meet pension payments to the close of the fiscal year amounted to \$86,656.68. Of this sum \$55,692.96 was brought forward from the previous years and \$10,993.72 Incurred during the year just closed.

"Inasmuch as the present law provides that all deficiencies in these funds shall be made up from feccipts from dog taxes and Police Court fines and as these sources prove insufficient, it is evident that there should be other or additional provision made of the necessary funds to meet payments in full under the various acts of Congress relative to to said fund. By so doing there would not be any change with respect to the rates or measures of pensions and relief, but only as to the provision of adequate funds to meet such payments."

Arrests Total 37,219.

Arrests Total 37,219.

The report shows that property to th value of \$299,441.14 was recovered by the Police Department during the year. The total number of arrests for all offenses including violation of the police regulations and notices to appear in court was 37,219 as compared with 37,241 for the pre-ceding year. Probably the greatest need of the Fire Department, the Commissioners say, is the motorization of its apparatus, both from sconomic and efficiency standpoints.

"While certain progress has been made in recent years along this line,"

made in recent years along this line,"
It is stated, "the Commissioners feel
that the installation of such apparatus
should be expedited, so that within the
next three or possibly four years the
entire department would be equipped,
and the now obsolete horse-drawn apparatus entirely dispensed with. We
take setting along this line he

to the control of the water supply, and have included in their estimates legislation placing the whole water system under them, as they believe that considerable economy of administration will result if the proposed change is made. Under the present law the control of the water system. Under the present law the control of the water supply is divided between the Commissioners and the chief of engi-neers. United States army, seting under the direction of the Secretary of War.

Loan Shark Law Change.

Recommendation is made that the 'loan shark" law be amended, so sa to provide, under proper regulation, for the carrying on of smarl loan bust-

"The strict enforcement of the doan-shark law has worked a great hard-ship upon many needy persons," says the District to which such people may

Attention is directed to the need for legislation for the better control of the milk supply, as recommended by Health Woodward in his annua Officer W. report. At the close of the year, June 29, there were 1,161 dairy farms registered on which there were 18,400 cattle. The number of places registered as

Recommendation is made that the law be amended to authorize direct commit-ments to the workhouse at Occoquan in place of the present method of round-about commitments through the Wash-ington Asylum and Jail. As in former reports, emphasis is laid upon the imand parole law "in place of the present ted States as required by various acts unsatisfactory system of short deunite sentences, which result frequently in the same person being sentenced sevinged in the expenditure of \$1,370,-

eral times a year. Prompt Hearings Advocated.

The report states that because prisoners frequently have to wait many months before their cases can be heard in the courts, a large number of persons are at all times held in the jail awaiting court action.

'This is deemed most unfortunate,' says the report. 'It is urged that steps be taken to secure prompt hearings be taken to secure prompt hearings in the case of persons accused of crimes and unable to give ball." The report states that the work of the Insurance Department has it creased steadily, and that there is useful need for an addition to the force.

gent need for an addition to the force. "There has been no increase in the number of clerks provided for this department since 1905," it is stated, "and the revenues have increased from \$67,077 in 1902, to \$102,773.11 in 1914."

At the close of the fiscal year the project for the reclamation and improvement of the Anacostia flats was about 10 per cent completed, according to the report, resulting in the partial improvement of the channel between the Anacostia and Pennsylvania avenue bridges and in the partial reclamation

bridges and in the partial reclamation of about fifty-five acres of land. No Funds Voted.

The Commissioners have included in their estimates for the next fiscal year an item of \$200,000 for the continuation of the work, which amount includes \$100,000 authorized to be expended during the current fiscal wear but for which no funds were appropriated. It will soon be necessary to rebuild the wharf structures along the Washington channel it is stafed and when ington channel, it is stated, and, when this is done, it should be along some definite plan. The current District ap-propriation bill contained an item of \$125.000 for the construction of market buildings at the municipal fish wharf, plans for which are being prepared in the office of the Municipal Architect. Following is a summary of the re-

Today is Successful

Clergyman

more dangerous and harder to ever-come, notwithstanding the improved

conditions under the inspector system,

conditions under the inspector system, than the injury to health. The miners spending so much of their time underground, in dampness and dust, causes many to become broken in health long before their time. These conditions cause wasting away of the body, miners' asthma, sore throat, bronchitts, and serious throat and lung troubles.

and serious throat and lung troubles. To overcome this condition hourishment for the blood and food for the tissues of the body are needed, and Rev. Mr. Matthews says: "I have no hesita-

tion in recommending Father Join's Medicine as the best remedy prescribed for the allments referred to above. Its

purity and wholesomeness and nourish

purity and wholesomeness and nourishing qualities are exactly suited for building up and restoring to health those exposed to the conditions existing in Pennsylvania and formall suffering from miners' asthma, throat and lung troubles, colds, grip, and debilitated systems. I have used it in my family with wonderful success."

This old remedy soothes and heals the throat and lungs, and its food elements nourish the body, by enabling the stomach to assimilate food, and forcing nu-

ENGINEERS OPPOSE HOKE SMITH WILL GREAT FALLS PLAN SPEAK ON FRIDAY

Army Chief Reports Project Not eNcessary to Give Capital Adequate Water Supply.

Official objection to the Great Falls waterpower project was registered today by Brig. Gen. Dan C. Kingman, cylef of army engineers, in his report to Secretary of War Garrison on the operation of the Washington aqueduct for the last fiscal year.

"In view of the reduction of the total average daily consumption from about 67,000,000 gallons in 1907 to about 54,500,-000 gallons in 1915." General Kingman said, "and the further reduction which the water department of the District of Columbia confidently expects will fol-low further metering of private serv-ices, it is not considered necessary for the present to bring the project for the increase of the water supply to the attention of Congress. It is now estimated that the safe capacity of the present system will not be exceeded before 1895. fore 1925.

Meters Cut Consumption.

The reduction in consumption brought about by metering of the city service, which is now 70 per cent compicted, General Kingman said.

Objection is made in the report to the large amount of water used by the Gevernment Printing Office. The quantity used in that office in 1914 was 1.750,800 gallons a day, the Kingman report said, and this increased in 1915 to 3,382,000 gallons a day. During one month it reached 4.652,000 gallons a day, which is greater. General Kingman said, than the average daily consumption of the combined populations of Quincy. Ill., Superior, Wiss., and Green Bay, Wis., which have a total population of 35,000. It is urged that arrangements be made to use unfiltered water in the Printing Office engines. pleted, General Kingman said. Office engines.

Again Asks New Bridge. General Kingman renews his recont

mendation for a new Aqueduct bridge, mendation for a new Aqueduct bridge, but does not submit an estimate or pass on the merits of the controversy as to where the bridge should be located. He says the live old piers of the present bridge either should be rebuilt or the entire bridge replaced by a wider and stronger structure, adequate to accommodate the increasing traffic. ing traffic.

ceipts and expenditures of the District government for the year;
Cash receipts from all sources for
the year, which amounted to \$15,684,913.70, were made up as follows; From
taxes, licenses, and miscellaneous
sources, \$8,041,523,68; amount paid by the
United States as its share of the expenses of the local government under
the set of June 11, 1878, \$6,118,015,99; temporary advances by the United States on

porary advances by the United States on account of costs of condemnation of Meridian Hill Park. \$7.20; trust and special fund collections, including water fund, \$1.525.360.83. Cash expenditures for the year amounted to \$14.845, 469.45, of which there was paid from appropriations and general fund \$13.475,169.99 and from trust

expenses of the government of the District of Columbia, including the appro-trict of Columbia, including the appro-priation for interest and sinking fund, poisons, sour bile and toxins, and \$868.655.42 reimbursed to the Uni-cleansing, sweetening and purifying

of Congress, including interest charges 353.46 from trust and special funds are \$59.560.71 for payments on account of police relief fund: \$43.846.55 on account of the firemen's relief fund; \$40,497.65 It is said that men and women who tri for support of abandoned wives and children, paid from deposits made through the Juvenile Court; and \$60.- for it is more important to keep clear \$355.25 on account of the water fund for and pure on the inside than on the out of the court is the court of the court of the court is the court of the court is the court of the court tem and other expenses of the water

Why Ethel Was Spanked. "You must learn to 'swat the fly,' thel. Flies carry typhoid fever." "Will typhoid fever kill any one who

"Certainly."
"Mother, why doesn't it kill the fly?"



Will Present Evidence on British Blockade When Senate Is Reconvened.

When the Senate reconvenes Friday Senator Hoke Smith's address attackng the British blockade of the northern European ports will attract attention. Senator Smith, it is said, will present vidence to show the British government is winking at commercial intercourse between her manufacturers and Germany, while prohibiting American trade with Germany through the medium of neutrals. It is even alleged that he will present documents tending to show England is exchanging cotton for

through Scandinavian ports. Senator Smith presented yesterday his resolution asking for an investigation of trade interference by the Foreign Relations Committee. His speech wil be the prelude to others by various Sen

German dyes and this is being done

The Senate is not in session today owing to the fact that the committee charged with the make-up of the com-mittee assignments desire to complete their work and the Senate cannot go ahead with business until the commit-tees are reorganized.

Georgetown Law School Debate This Evening

The Junior Debating Society Georgetown Law School will hold the first of a series of four prize debates this evening at the law school. The question to be debated is the literacy

islation.
The judges will be selected from the faculty. The debaters will be Messra. McGauley, Machrack, Edelin, Rydlach, Barry, Atmore, Ray, Walsh, Aiello, Tramley, Rauber, Ready, Weber, Kelley, Sullivan, Dervin, O'Connell, Ruppa, Speigle, Helford, Fannon, Lane, Healy, Hogan, Clarke, and Callianhan.

DRINK HOT WATER BEFORE BREAKFAST

Says you really feel clean, sweet and fresh inside, and are seldom ill.

If you are accustomed to wake up with a coated tongue, foul breath or s dull, dizzy, headache; or, if your meals

sour and turn into gas and acids, you and special funds, including the water fund. \$1.570.259.46.

The expenditure from the general fund of \$13.475.109.99 is made up of \$12.-666.454.57 from appropriations for the company of the property of the company of tralize and then wash out of your stom ach, liver, kidneys and thirty feet of in

Those subject to sick headaches, back-ache, bilious attacks, constipation of any form of stomach trouble, are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone entire alimentary canal. phosphate from the drug store and begin enjoying this morning inside-bath. It is said that men and women who trithis become enthusiastic and keep it up

the extension of the high-service system and other expenses of the water department. The principle of bathing inside is not new, as millions of people practice it Just as hot water and soap cleanse purify and freshen the skin, so howater and a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate act on the stomach, liver kidneys and bowels. Limestone phosphate is an inexpensive white powder and simpost instellers.—Adv. and almost tasteless .- Advt.

Goodbye Curling Iron! Better Method Found

Don't burn the life out of your bair with that instrument of torture, the curling iron. There is nothing that will so surely dry out and break off the hair, giving it that ragged, unkempt appropriately.

Pearance.
You will be glad to learn that you You will be glad to learn that you can keep your hair beautifully wayy and curly by using a perfectly harmless liquid known to druggists as "silm-crine." You need only apply a little with a clean tooth brush before retiring and in the morning you will be most agreeably surprised with the effect. And this effect lasts for a considerable time, so a small bottle goes a long way and is quite economical to use. Fure silmerine is really beneficial to the hair and there is no greasiness, stickiness of enything unpleasant about it. It is a good idea to divide the hair into strands and moisten these one at a time, drawing the brugh down the full length.—Advt.

KIDNEY DISORDERS **QUICKLY RELIEVED**

Believing that no medicine ought to

be paid for unless it does the user some good, they have adopted the plan of

1# 300 1-th. Loaves to the Barrel. CAN YOU **AFFORD**

-To jeopardize the success of the important holiday baking by employing inferior flour for the fruit cake and other Xmas delicacies?

DECIDEDLY NOTit's a plain case of having to use THE BEST, and that YOU KNOW IS

CREAM BLEND FLOUR

YOUR GROCER

Wholesalers 100, 1106, 1107, 1109 11th we.

selling Solvax, the standard kidney remedy, under a positive guarantee of quick relief from all kidney or bladde: misery, or money tack without a question. This speaks eloquently for the virtues of the remedy and already has crested a widespread demand for it here is Washington. Hundreds of people in every walk of life have been relieved of the agonies attendant on weak, dis arrangeds or clogged-up kidneys and bladder by this remarkable remedy. It is not just merely a kloney treatment. it is a medicine that aims to put the entitre pain-racked body into normal condition and give vigorous health after the many painful disorders caused directly or indirectly by sick akineys. A change for the better will be seen after the first few doses of Solvax and its continued use should soon tone us the entire system of improperly the entire system of improperly working organs and give the desire to live and enjoy life to its fullest.

Solvax is considered by many the best kifney remedy on the market today because it aims to cure by striking directly at the cause of all the trouble. The many pains and aches caused by improperly working kidneys cannot be permanently cured unless the cause premoved.

removed.
Solvax is sold under a positive such -will fill your holiday order. Tell natice to refund the money it it does not cure. This is the strongest preof that can be officed as to the merit of the

meetche. You are cheating yourself out of your slice of the it you don't give Solvax r chance. Get it today from O'Donne'll's Ding Stores, or any leading drougist in this vicinity. - Advi

The magin is not below to

Filed by New Drug Firm Methodist Church, of Lowell, Mass., ach to assimilate food, and forcing nuwho began life as the son of a miner. trition into the blood, by which each end winning his way up in the world B. B: Earnshaw & Bro. ed. It is not a patent medicine. Contains no alcohol or dangerous